

# THE PRINCE ALBERT TIMES AND SASKATCHEWAN REVIEW.

VOL. 3.—NO. 61.

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1886.

\$2 50 A YEAR.

## BANKING HOUSE.

### Macarthur & Knowles,

Prince Albert, N.W.T.

Treasurer General Banking Business.  
Interest allowed on deposits.  
Notes Discounted.  
Drafts issued available at all points in the Dominion.  
Collections undertaken and promptly effected.  
BANKERS—Merchants Bank of Canada

WILLIAM V. MACLEISE.

Barriester, Notary, Etc.

Office—McCall's Building, between J. G. Davis' and Betts & Wynne's.

### STEPHEN BREWSTER.

Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Justice in England.

### NOTARY PUBLIC.

(Late McLean & Elliot.)

FRANCE ALBERT.

FORBES & NEWLANDS.

Barriesters, Notaries Public.

Office—Over T. N. Campbell Stationer.

Prince Albert, Sask., N.W.T.

F. F. FORBES.

ARTHUR L. STON, B.A.

Barriester, Attorney, Conveyancer

and Notary Public.

Office—Next door to Jackson's Drug Store.

RIVER STREET. — PRINCE ALBERT.

W. A. GUNN, M.A.

Barriester, Notary Public, Conveyancer

Etc. Etc.

Land bought and sold. Money invested

Local Agent for W. J. Fenton & Co., Real Estate Agents, Hamilton, Ont.

PRINCE ALBERT.

D. A. STACKHOUSE

### DENTIST.

PRINCE ALBERT, N. W. T.

### GEORGE A. BENTLEY,

Barber and Hair Dresser.

CHARGES — MODERATE.

Shop—First Door east in Sinclair's Block

J. D. HANNAFIN,

Auctioneer and Commission Agent

OFFICE — FIRST STREET

ROBERT THOMSON,

Sign & Ornamental Painter,

Calomining and Paperhang-

ing on short notice.

Decorative Painting a Specialty.

CITY

BILLIARDSALOON

Corner Church and Nooit Streets

Choice Beer and Cigars always on hand

A.W.R. MARKLEY,

Gen. Agent and Auctioneer.

AGENT:

Confederation Life Association, Toronto

Imper Manufacturing Co., of New York.

Dealer of Marriage and Billiard Table

Lithographs.

Office—In Mr. Brewster's Office

## FURNITURE!

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

### GILBERT E. CARTER.

## NOTICE

The public are hereby cautioned against

purchasing

Two Horses, Wagon and Harness

From J. O. Davis, as I claim them as

my property.

THOS. O. DAVIS.

## STRAYED!

Came on to my premises, at Pocha

Settlement, about a month ago a

### BROWN MARE

with star on forehead, white nose with

scar on it, hollow on top of shoulders.

Owner can have the same on proving

property and paying expenses

CHARLES POCHA.

*We wish to inform our customer and the public in general, that we have just received our stock of Fall and Winter wear for Gents, Ladies & Children. The largest and most complete assortment to choose from ever brought into Prince Albert.*

Shannon & McLeod.

## EAST END BAKERY!

BREAD unsurpassed by any west

of Winnipeg.

Made of Cakes and Pastry made to

Order.

HUGH McDUGALL,

East End Bakery.

ALEX. LANG

GENERAL BLACKSMITH.

Has opened a shop in the east end, directly

opposite the H. B. Co. agent will

re-sheathing and General Blacksmith-

ing done promptly and cheaply.

All kinds of Farm Machinery Repaired

and put in order.

ALEX. LANG.

PRINCE ALBERT

## NOTICE.

TENDERS

For the supply of 50,000 lbs. of

## POTATOES

for the use of the

N. W. M. Police, at Prince Albert.

Will be received up to

Tuesday, 26th day of October.

Potatoes to be a good merchantable

article, and to be delivered at the Police

Barracks at the order of the Commanding Officer.

Tenders will be received for the whole

or any quantity not less than 10,000 lbs.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily

accepted.

(By Order) SEVERE GAGNON,

Superintendent

Prince Albert, Oct. 6, 1885.

N. W. M. POLICE

TENDERS FOR BEEF

Tenders will be received by the under-

signed up to 12 o'clock noon,

NOVEMBER 1st, 1885.

For supplying Beef to the N. W. M.

Police at Prince Albert, up to

July 1st, 1886.

The average amount required per day

will be about 150 pounds.

Beef to be delivered at the Barracks

required, in equal proportions of fore

and hind quarters.

The beef to be of good quality, and

subject to acceptance or rejection by

the officer commanding who will purchase

at the contractor's expense if necessary.

Security of the fulfilment of the con-

tract will be required.

Tenders will state price per pound.

Delivery to commence from the date of

his acceptance of the tender.

A. BOWEN PERRY,

Superintendent N. W. M. Police.

Commanding at Prince Albert

N. W. M. POLICE.

Tenders for Cordwood.

Tenders will be received by the under-

signed till 12 o'clock, noon,

NOVEMBER 1st 1885.

For 250 Cords of Wood, to be delivered

at N. W. M. Police Barracks,

Prince Albert.

The wood to be of good sound Pine,

cut in lengths of four feet, split to aver-

age size, of this fall or coming winter's

cutting.

Tenders for whole quantity, or for

quantities of 25 cords and upwards will

be accepted.

Tenders to state price per cord deliv-

ered.

Government timber dues to be paid by

the contractors.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily

accepted.

Security will be required.

A. BOWEN PERRY,

Superintendent,

Commanding N. W. M. Police.

CALEDONIA BREWERY

EAST END.

The proprietor of the above concern is

prepared to supply families or retailers with

beer, either in bottles or kegs, for cash.

First Bottles, 25¢ per doz.

Quart Bottles, 50¢ per doz.

Kege at 10¢ per gallon.

In any sized casks, delivered to all parts of

the town.

A Billiard Table and Saloon

In connection with the Brewery.

The Best Cigars always on hand.

CHAS. WOODMAN

PROPRIETOR.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY WIRE

(By Special Telegraph.)

CLARK'S CROSSING, Oct. 23.—A young man named Albert Strange, son of Mr. Robert Strange of Winnipeg, and employed in the store of A. McDonald, of Battleford, has been missing for several days, and is supposed to have been lost on the prairie. He had been sent to Edmonton on business.

The Governor General arrived in Winnipeg on Wednesday evening, and was received according to programme as announced.

Brinsford, the Vermont defaulter, has returned to Winnipeg, after breaking away from his captors at Minneapolis.

Four persons were burned to death by a fire in Chicago on Tuesday.

A revolution is imminent in Denmark, consequent upon a dispute between the king and the people.

Bingham, a London lawyer, has been engaged to defend Kiel.

The Government will prosecute Payne, Parachute candidate for Waterford, for seditious utterances.

Hanlan and Teemer have a race on October 24th.

Hon. Mr. White arrived at Regina on Tuesday morning. He was banqueted at the Palmer House in the evening. He made the Prince Albert round trip in nine days, and speaks highly of his cordial reception by the people of the Saskatchewan.

Kiel was informed on Thursday morning of a further respite till the 10th of November. He had expected a reprieve.

The officers of the Sixty-fifth Regiment have decided to go on with suits against the Toronto News.

Troops are being brought from Quebec and Kingston to relieve C School and B Battery.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The case of Louis Kiel was under consideration by the Privy Council to-day. Mr. Jenner, the prisoner's English counsel, stated the prisoner's case, and made a long argument on behalf of his client. After hearing Kiel's counsel, the judges thought it was not necessary to hear the other side of the case. Judgment will be pronounced to-morrow. The decision will probably be against Kiel.

We have just received the following telegram from our esteemed townsmen, Thomas McKay, Esq., who we previously stated accompanied the Hon. Mr. White to Qu'Appelle. It is pleasing to receive such good news, showing that the Hon. Minister is not less in carrying out the wishes of the people. Farmers particularly will be pleased to know that this concession has been made to them, thereby showing that the policy of the Government for the future is the doing away with the odd section principle, so detrimental to municipal, educational and religious interests. "The Galt road has been granted every alternate township, as a move towards compact settlement."

### BIRTH.

BAKER. At Prince Albert, on the 15th inst., the wife of T. E. Baker, of a daughter.

DAVIS. At 230 Theodore street, Ottawa, on the 18th inst., the wife of Mr. Geo. F. Davis, Hudson's Bay Co. of a daughter.

## DRESSMAKING!

Miss McGuire wishes to inform the public of Prince Albert and the surrounding country that she has opened out a Dressmaking and Mantlemaking Establishment in Campbell's Block, where she is prepared to undertake all kinds of work connected with the business, and guarantees satisfaction.

Miss McGuire, CAMPBELL'S BLOCK.

## CHIT-CHAT LOCALS

Gathered by our Reporters.

Magnificent weather.

Flour 84 per sack at J. M. Campbell's.

Warner's Safe Cure at Clark's Drug Store.

A quantity of good oats on hand—at J. M. Campbell's.

Green apples from \$10 to \$15 per box, at J. M. Campbell's.

The North West Council meets at Regina on the 30th prox.

The Rev. Mr. McWilliam, on Thursday, went to Carrot River to hold divine service.

Mr. W. V. Macleise, barrister, has been appointed crown counsel for this judicial district.

J. C. Mackenzie has received his fall and winter stock of boots and shoes—just opening.

W. J. Barker, in company with Mr. Parks, homestead inspector, leave on Saturday for Winnipeg.

Mr. O. E. Hughes, M.N.W.C., leaves for Regina on Monday next, to attend the North West Council.

The many friends of Mr. G. McLeod-salemman for Mr. T. O. Davis, will regret to hear of his serious illness.

Twenty of the Mounted Police left on Sunday as an escort for Indian Agent Mac while making treaty payments.

A detachment of Police have been stationed in the centre of the town, near Goodfellow's cash and door factory.

The Hon. Mr. White took his departure on Thursday morning. He was accompanied by a number of our citizens to the river.

Messrs. J. F. Kennedy, T. Scott and Hugh Ross have returned from a hunt at Duck Lake, where they secured about 240 ducks.

Nominations will be received by John Stewart, secretary of the St. Andrew's Society, for officers for 1886, till Saturday, 31st inst.

Messrs. G. T. Brown and J. W. Hurd were out duck hunting this week. They left half a dozen geese at The Times office. Many thanks.

The collection taken up here by the Presbyterian Church, for Home Missions, amounted to the handsome sum of \$260, and for Manitoba College \$31.

Mr. Edward T. Gane, of Winnipeg, arrived in town this week, and intends opening a bookstore in the building now being fitted up for the post office.

Call and see Mack's boots and shoes. New goods. Low prices. A large assortment of felt goods, rubbers and more came to suit all—from the infant up to the old man 110 years old.

On Saturday evening, previous to leaving, Col. Montanambert and the other officers of B Battery were entertained by Col. Sprout. A number of the citizens were present, and a most enjoyable time was spent.

As may be seen by advertisement, Miss Maguire calls the attention of the ladies of Prince Albert to the fact that she has opened up a mantlemaking and dressmaking establishment in the west end of Campbell's block.

The president of the Saskatchewan Rifle Association has just received a circular from the makers of the Martini rifle. The rifle can be had for about \$27, for \$30 laid down here. Come along you crack shots and own your own rifle.

John McBeth, M.P.P. of Winnipeg who has been in town for some time, left for home by stage on Thursday morning. Mr. McBeth expresses himself as highly pleased with our town, and intends returning before long to make it his home for a time at least.

Treaty payments in the Prince Albert district, for 1885, will take place as follows—Mistawasis reserve, Snake Plain, Oct. 21; Attakosip, Sandy Lake, Oct. 23; Wm. Teat, Sturgeon Lake, Oct. 26; John Smith, South Branch, Oct. 29; James Smith, Fort a la Corne, Nov. 2.

**THE PRINCE ALBERT TIMES**  
AND  
SASKATCHEWAN REVIEW  
PUBLISHED WEEKLY  
**J. D. MAVEETY**

AT  
**PRINCE ALBERT, N. W. T.**

For \$4.—\$150 per annum in advance  
single copies, 10 cents each.  
(No one will be inserted without this  
year. Business notices, 10c. per line.  
No advertisement inserted for less than 10  
A. Insertions without instructions will be  
inserted until ordered.  
All letters to be addressed to the Proprietor.

**THIS PAPER** may be found on  
Kewell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising  
Bureau, 10 Spruce street, where adver-  
tising contracts may be made for the  
month of **NEW YORK.**

**SUNDAY CHURCH SERVICES**

**St. Mary's.**  
11 a.m.—Mr. Massey.  
**The Mission Chapel.**  
11 a.m.—Rev. A. A. H. Wright.  
1 p.m.—Sunday School.  
7 p.m.—Rev. A. A. H. Wright.  
**St. Catharines.**  
10:30 a.m.—Rev. E. Matheson.  
8 p.m.—Rev. E. Matheson.  
**St. Paul's.**  
8 p.m.—Rev. Canon Elliott, B.D.  
**St. Andrew's.**  
10:30 a.m.—Rev. Canon Elliott, B.D.  
**St. John's.**  
8 p.m.—Ven. Archdeacon McKay, B.D.  
**St. James's.**  
6 p.m.—Ven. Archdeacon McKay, B.D.  
**St. Anne's, R. Catholic.**  
10:30 a.m. and 7 p.m.—Rev. Pore Andre.  
**St. Paul's (Presbyterian).**  
11 a.m. and 7 p.m.—Rev. Mr. McWilliam.

FRIDAY, OCT. 23, 1885.

**GRANTS**

With reference to the article in our last issue, we should be sorry to see this subject drop, because really the claims of our volunteers are substantial. Some of these local forces enrolled during the rebellion were raised under the Militia Act. Again, some others—as in the case of the volunteers in this town—were enlisted by the authorities here for the defence of Prince Albert and the surrounding district. These volunteers had their duty to do, and looking at it from a service point of view, did it thoroughly and well. Besides which they were actually placed at the seat of the rebellion, the headquarters of whose leader were only a few miles distant from this town. Why volunteers who were doing the same duty, though enrolled under other Acts, should obtain certain privileges and not others, we fail to see the justice of. We advocate these claims as much as it is in our power, and we sincerely trust that the matter will not be allowed to rest here, and that other local newspapers will give this subject the support that we think it deserves. We have so far urged the claims of the volunteers, but this applies also to the North West Mounted Police stationed at Prince Albert, Carlton and the Hudson's Bay Co.'s crossing during the recent troubles. They took an active part in the late rebellion, and did much by their presence alone to allay the fears of the population surrounding the town. Certainly if our volunteers are entitled to this grant—as no doubt they are—the North West Mounted Police are entitled to a similar recognition from the Government, when it is most confessedly their plan day, and which was noticed by the Executive Council of the Government in a recent order issued by him regarding the efficiency and general services of the corps in question

during his visit to the North West Territories. In connection with the land grant the subject of the medal to be given for the late rebellion comes uppermost. We see by the English papers that Her Majesty the Queen has approved of such medal to be granted. This in itself is a recognition of the way the duties were performed under exceptional hardships, consequently the grant of land would go with the medal for these duties performed, and also consequently those who do not get the grant of land would not be entitled to the medal, which would be establishing an entirely new precedent with reference to the honors given by our Gracious Sovereign for work performed in time of danger and tribulation to one of her most valued colonies.

**OUR RECENT GUEST.**

The visit of the Hon. T. White must have been as pleasing and instructive to him as to us, the residents of Prince Albert and the surrounding district. In the first place he actually saw and had opportunities of personally enquiring into and ascertaining the grievances and matters that the different settlers and parties in Prince Albert and its neighborhood wished to bring under his notice. Mr. White, on his part, did all a Government official could do without committing himself, but we feel perfectly certain (*ex officio*) that he will do all he can towards promoting the interests of the town of Prince Albert in the right direction. With reference to a railway, it is not of such importance to the town as regards its location, as the fact of having it placed in such a position that the town proper of Prince Albert will benefit by it as well as the majority of the settlers in the District. Mr. White said that he would do all in his power towards establishing a Money Order Office in connection with the Post Office in this town. This is a want that has been long felt, and we must confess ourselves surprised and we are not alone in this, to express our opinion that the matter has not been brought before the North West Council. That town we do not wish to participate in the Territories should get certain privileges and not others, makes a law for one which does not apply to those under whose care these regulations ought to have a general reference. The Hon. Thomas White had every opportunity of learning personally from the citizens of Prince Albert all they had to say as regards their public interests, and we feel sure that the hon. gentleman, after his hearty reception by us—with which he seemed very much pleased—will do all in his power to further the address of the town in general and persons in particular.

**B BATTERY.**

On Monday, the 12th inst., about 4 o'clock p.m., B Battery pulled up stakes and commenced their march across the prairie for Qu'Appelle. A large number of the town people turned out to bid them farewell. Before starting the P. A. C. Band played the tune honored, "The Girl I Left Behind Me." The manner in which the Battery was cheered on leaving showed the kindly feeling existing in the town towards the officers and men, a great many of whom were as sorry to leave as we were to bid them good bye. Since the Battery has been stationed here, Col. Montreuil and his officers have won the respect of our people, not only on account of their social qualities, but because they threw themselves in heart and hand with

the people, and took as much interest in the future success of Prince Albert as the oldest citizen. They will be very much missed for a long time to come. Ever since the Battery left there is a strong feeling that the policy of the Government in removing the troops from Prince Albert is not a wise one, and that it would be much more to the interests of the Territories if a permanent force was kept here for at least another year. This feeling is not the outcome of any fear of another rebellion, but the belief that it would give greater confidence to the business community and to intending settlers if a military force were kept here, and the unprotected state of the country may be a serious drawback to its rapid settlement. If the Government intend to keep a standing military force in Canada, why should it not be kept in these parts of the Dominion where there is the most danger, and especially in towns long distances from a railway, and where not many months ago all the horrors of war was experienced, solely because an armed force was not there. We hope the Government will see the wisdom of either greatly increasing the Police force or permanently stationing here one of the Batteries.

**THOS. POWERS,**

IS PREPARED TO TAKE  
**CONTRACTS**  
FOR

Brick, Plastering and Siding Work.

All orders promptly attended to. Estimates furnished.

Brick and lime always on hand.

No. 10 West. Phone 1000, Prince Albert.

**WATER & POWER CO.,**

400-410-420.

**OFFICE OF THE TOWN SHOP.**

Yearly Prices of the Church.

**HORSE SADDLERY**

The Best the Only Place

TO BUY YOUR

**GOODS CHEAP.**

**Dry Goods**

AND

**Clothing**

AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

The old man's bound to get there, and he will call and examine stock and get prices.

**T. O. DAVIS**

**MEDICAL HALL.**

**T. E. JACKSON,**

*Druggist of Prince Albert.*

DEALER IN

Drugs, Chemicals,

Dye Stuffs, Patent Medicines,

Toilet and Fancy Articles,

Druggists' Sundries,

Sponges, etc., etc.,

OF THE BEST QUALITY.

New goods just arrived.

Prices moderate. Terms cash.

Sole agent for this district for Clothing, Trunks for carriage and for apparatus for the cure of rheumatism.

**T. E. JACKSON.**

**DRY LUMBER.**  
**MOORE & MACDOWALL**

*Wish to inform the Public that they have on hand and for sale a Half Million Feet of Dry Lumber, consisting of Matched, Dressed and Undressed.*

**Dressed Flooring, \$48**  
**Undressed do., 42**  
**Dressed Siding, 48**  
**Undressed do., 42**  
**Sheeting, 30**  
**Common Lumber, 35**  
**Dimension do., 40**

“ “ Over 17 feet extra.  
**Lath, 75 cts. per bundle.**  
**Shingles, \$6 50 per M.**

*We are prepared to Contract for Buildings as cheaply as any firm in Town*

*Builders paying Cash or giving good security for LARGE Orders, will have a reduction made.*

**MOORE & MACDOWALL**

**STEWART**

**BROS.,**

**TRADERS,**

**GENERAL MERCHANTS**

Have just received a large stock

**DRY GOODS AND**

**GENERAL GROCERIES**

*Teas,*

*Tobaccos,*

*Coffee,*

*Oatmeal*

*Sugars,*

*Canned Goods,*

*Cal. Pears.*

Clearing out the balance

**Crockery**

**AND**

**Hardware,**

**AT COST**

**NOTICE.**

All parties indebted to the old firm must settle before the 1st October next, owing to the change in the business.

**STEWART BROS.**

**G. D. NORTHGRAVES,**

Watchmaker and Jeweller,

At T. N. Campbell's New Store

A LARGE STOCK OF

**Watches,**

**Clocks and**

**Jewellery**

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Repairing Promptly Attended to

**Notice of Dissolution.**

Notice is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore existing between us the undersigned as

"**STEWART BROTHERS.**"

in Prince Albert, in the North West Territories,

**GENERAL MERCHANTS**

has this day been dissolved by the death of William Stewart.

All debts owing to the said Partnership are to be paid to Mr. John Stewart who will carry on the said business under the firm or style of Messrs. Stewart Brothers and who will pay all debts due by said firm.

Dated at Prince Albert aforesaid this 1st day of July, 1885.

(Signed,) **WILLIAM STEWART,**

by his administrator John Stewart.

**JOHN STEWART.**

Prince Albert.

Referring to the above we beg to certify our constance of the facts as liberally bestowed upon the late firm.

**STEWART BROTHERS**

Prince Albert, Sept. 16, 1885.

# THE HON. T. WHITE.

## His Arrival and Enthusiastic Reception.

When it was known that the Hon. Thomas White, Minister of the Interior, was to arrive in town sometime on Tuesday afternoon several of our leading citizens, together with the reception committee, went out and met him at the creek and escorted him into town. On his arrival he was enthusiastically received by the citizens at the residence of Col. Sprout, where he was to reside during his stay here. The band also kindly turned out and serenaded him on his arrival. Mr. White, although very tired from his long overland journey, did not retire until he had thanked the people for the reception he had received.

On Wednesday, at 10 o'clock a.m., in company with the reception committee, he visited our Public School, where he was received by the Principal, Mr. Stull. After remaining there for a short time, he proceeded to the Presbyterian High School under the charge of Rev. Alex. Campbell, Principal, and the Rev. Wm. M. Williams, pastor of the Presbyterian Church.

After being pleasantly entertained there for a short time, he was then taken to the site of the proposed court house and police barracks. He next proceeded to the Convent, where the hon. gentleman was presented with an address, beautifully illuminated, to which he made a suitable reply. The Convent was very tastefully decorated for the occasion. The recitations and music by the pupils were very pleasing and interesting.

He next proceeded to Emmanuel College, where he was received by the students with cheers. Archdeacon McKay, on behalf of the college staff, welcomed him and thanked him for his visit. He was then entertained to a recherche luncheon by the Rev. Canon Plett at his residence near the College. He was then driven to the eastern end of the town, proceeding as far as Moore & Macdonald's mill, calling on the way at the residence of Mr. J. E. Beitz, where he was cordially received. After a very pleasant and enjoyable drive through the town, he returned to the place of starting.

In the afternoon, at 2 o'clock, on the platform erected in front of Clark's drug store, Mr. White was presented with an

### ADDRESS AND PETITION.

in the presence of a very large gathering of citizens and farmers. When the hon. gentleman stepped upon the platform, he was received with prolonged cheering. The address was then read by Mr. O. E. Hughes, M.N.W.C., and the petition by Mr. Wm. Craig, one of our leading and most successful farmers. A petition was also presented from the settlers of Red Deer Hill District by Mr. J. C. Slater, but owing to want of space and similarity of the two petitions, we only publish the first one presented.

### ADDRESS.

To the Hon. Thomas White, Minister of the Interior.

SIR,—

We, the inhabitants of Prince Albert and the surrounding country, beg leave to offer you a hearty welcome to your first official visit to the District of Lorne, and our cordial and sincere congratulations upon your appointment as Minister of the Interior.

Your office is one of the utmost importance and responsibility, and we feel assured it will be well and worthily filled by you. We confidently anticipate much good to the whole community from the great ability and experience you will bring to bear in the discharge of your onerous duties, and your strong desire to advance the best interests of the country.

It is very gratifying to us that your visit to our distant settlement should have been arranged so soon after your appointment, and should occur at a time when the present and future conditions of the North West Territories is more largely than usual engaging the attention of the Government and people of the Dominion.

We refer with regret to the trouble through which the Territories have lately passed, and we feel the utmost satisfaction and interest in the fact that you have entered and peace and quietness again established throughout the land.

We would embrace the present opportunity of expressing most respectfully

the charge of disloyalty which it has been attempted to affix to this district. We all deeply regret that the late rebellion had its initiation and focus in the Saskatchewan District, but it is only those who are totally ignorant of the circumstances, or utterly regardless of truth, who will endeavor to connect the loyal inhabitants of Prince Albert and the District of Lorne with the misguided men who rose against law and order. And we rejoice at having this opportunity of expressing our unqualified and unswerving loyalty to our Queen and country.

While confidently holding a strong belief in the capabilities of our District, its future progress and ultimate and permanent success, we are sorry that owing to a combination of adverse circumstances the present condition of this Settlement is not so prosperous as could be wished, and the near future by no means free from anxiety. As bearing more particularly upon these points, we have taken the liberty of preparing a statement of our views, which we shall submit for your perusal.

Again offering you a united and cordial welcome, and assuring you of our highest esteem,

We have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servants,

On behalf of the inhabitants of Prince and District.

J. MACARTHUR,

Chairman.

J. F. A. STELL,

Secretary Gen. Committee.

Prince Albert, Oct. 14, 1885.

Mr. Craig then read the following

### PETITION.

To the Hon. Thomas White, Minister of the Interior.

SIR,—

On behalf of the citizens of Prince Albert and District, we respectfully beg to submit the following statements of our views, with suggestions, for your consideration.

Our population is not now to be considered a pioneer one only. It includes numerous representatives of the learned professions, an important mercantile community, a considerable body of skilled tradesmen and mechanics, and a large agricultural population. Prince Albert is the largest and most important town in the Territories, and one in which a large amount of money has been spent in substantial permanent buildings, and it is the centre of a rich and populous district.

We are of opinion

1. That the North West Territories are entitled to adequate Representation in the Dominion Parliament.

2. That the Districts composing these Territories should be formed into Provinces, with Legislative Assemblies having the same powers as the local legislatures of the older Provinces, there by doing away with the North West Council. That the Province of Saskatchewan should be so extended as to have its eastern boundary on Hudson's Bay, and that Prince Albert, on its claims and advantages as yet unborn, should be the Capital of the said Province.

3. That the Dominion Government should have the sole and exclusive authority for Provincial purposes, control of the lands undisposed of within the limits of the Province.

4. That the want of railway connection is greatly felt all over the district, and we would respectfully urge upon Government the immediate commencement of a branch line of railway to connect with an existing road—the work to be commenced at this end so as to provide remunerative employment for the farmers of the district, who are now suffering from want of which they have no control.

5. That a railway outlet to Hudson's Bay is an absolute necessity if the country is to go on increasing, as we hope and expect it to do, and without such we fear the District must become of great importance.

6. That the character of the Manitoba and North Western Railway should be amended, compelling that company to extend their line to Prince Albert, and the said company should be bound to the south side of the North Saskatchewan at that place.

7. That the business of Prince Albert is greatly impeded by want of a Court House and resident Judge, the sittings of the Court being now held at irregular dates, widely apart, and the list of causes at each sitting very large. We would therefore urge the immediate

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 204)

## PRINCE ALBERT

Planing Mill and

Sash and Door Factory

COR. HENRI AND MACRAE STS.

Sash, Doors, Frames, Blinds, Mouldings and Builders' Furnishings made on

the shortest notice.

A. GOODFELLOW.

Prince Albert, N. W. T.

NOTICE

Claims of Half-Breeds and Original

White Settlers, Province of

Manitoba.

WHEREAS, since the completion of

the allotment of the 1,000,000 acres of land

and apart from the fact that the title to the

Indian title of the children of the

Half-Breed families residing in the

Province of Manitoba, on the 10th July, 1884,

a large number of additional claimants

have come and some are still coming, for-

ward with the evidence necessary to prove

that they are entitled to receive each

of them a share of \$100.00 in scrip to

each Half-Breed child entitled.

And Whereas, by the Act 22, Cap. 20

of the Half-Breed heads of families resident in

the said Province on the date mentioned,

and the "Original White Settlers," and the

children of such settlers, as defined in the

said Act, are each entitled to receive scrip

to the extent of \$100.00.

And Whereas His Excellency the Govern-

ment in Council has deemed it expedient

to limit the time within which all

claims of the nature above specified may be

presented, therefore

It is hereby given that the Order

under the authority contained in the Order

in Council, and the Act 22, Cap. 20, of

the 20th April, 1885, all claims under and by

virtue of the provisions of the said Order

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# THE MANITOBA WEEKLY FREE PRESS.

THE MONARCH OF THE WEEKLIES.

14th YEAR OF PUBLICATION 14th.

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100 Splendid Prizes.

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At no former period in the history of the Manitoba Weekly Free Press have the publishers made their annual announcement with so great a degree of confidence in the prospect of a large increase of circulation or with so liberal offers to interesting subscribers as in presenting this announcement for the campaign of 1885-1886.

The Weekly Free Press is now entering upon its 14th year of publication, and at no time in its history has it been as popular as it is today, or enjoyed a greater measure of confidence from the people of the Canadian Northwest.

From its inception up to the present time the Free Press has always recognized the cause of the Northwest, being the unimpeachable defender of its best interests, and its policy has been calculated to improve its condition or develop its great resources and opposing whatever is calculated to injure this important section.

For the last fourteen years the Free Press has been the leading paper in the Northwest. The Weekly Free Press is the largest paper published in Canada. It is a *fact*, therefore, the newspaper of this country. Every issue contains all the local, provincial, territorial and Foreign news of the week, of special interest to the people of the Northwest. In the future no effort or expense will be spared to maintain it in its present position, and every year improvements will be introduced whenever possible.

The great aim of the publishers of the Free Press at the present time is, if possible, to double the already unequalled circulation, and extraordinary inducements are therefore presented to subscribers.

As a first inducement the balance of the current year from any time hereafter, will be given free to all subscribers who send in one year's subscription—\$2—that is for every fifteen months, or to January 1, 1887. By no other paper is this great advantage.

But apart from the excellent value of over fifteen months of the Weekly Free Press for the price of one year's subscription, the publishers have decided up to giving as a very extra inducement one hundred grand prizes, aggregating over \$1,400 worth of valuable goods from the leading retail houses of Winnipeg, in their respective lines, among their subscribers.

The prize scheme will be conducted upon the same principle on which the mammoth cash prizes of \$50,000 and \$100,000 were given in our subscription to the 1884 campaign, and which gave such universal satisfaction. All subscribers on our subscription list on the fifteenth day of January next, whose list is longer for no less than a whole year in advance, will be eligible for the competition, and will participate in the prize scheme. The prizes will be awarded to the one hundred most fortunate subscribers and the different articles forwarded to them.

For full details of the grand prize list see the Weekly Free Press or obtain a circular at any postoffice in Manitoba or the Northwest Territories.

It is only necessary to read over our price list to be fully persuaded that it is the greatest gift enterprise ever introduced into the Canadian Northwest, and the grandest opportunity ever offered to the people of this country to obtain valuable and desirable prizes.

The different articles for the prize list have been selected with the greatest care and coming as they do from the leading houses in Winnipeg, they may be thoroughly relied upon. The value placed upon each prize in the list is the lowest retail price of the goods in Winnipeg, and the various articles are exactly of value for the price named.

Let every one consider well the advantage of subscribing now—The Weekly Free Press, which is universally acknowledged to be the best value in the Northwest for the regular price of \$2 a year, be obtained over fifteen months for that sum, and the chance of securing one of the splendid prizes offered.

The Weekly Free Press should be found in every household in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories. It is the paper to subscribe for and send to friends abroad.

Remember the fact that those who subscribe the earliest get the most for their money, as Two Dollars—cash in advance—pays from the date of subscribing to the first of January, 1887.

Enclose Two Dollars in registered letter (writing name and postoffice very plainly) and address to

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AND

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happenings around town.

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(CONTINUED FROM THIRD PAGE.)

rection of the Court House on the site recommended by Judge Rouleau, and the appointment of a Resident Stipendiary Magistrate.

8. That the Habeas Corpus Act should be extended to the Territories.

9. That the Government should proceed with the erection of other public buildings in addition to that named above.

10. That Sheriff's fees being greatly in excess of those payable in other parts of the Dominion, the Order in Council fixing these should be amended, and said fees reduced to a more equitable scale.

11. That the Government should erect barracks at Prince Albert so located as to be a protection and defence to the population in case of need, and should station here a permanent police or military force sufficient to give confidence in the stability of affairs and assurance of safety for life and property.

12. The timber dues should not be exacted on wood used for homestead and domestic purposes, for some time hence at least.

13. That the opening of the old section for homestead purposes would greatly tend to the advancement of the country.

14. That a money order office should be opened at Prince Albert, and mail communication be made more frequent than at present.

15. That Prince Albert should be made a port of entry.

16. That appointments to public offices in the Territories should be made from among the residents of the District in which such offices exist.

17. That as some of the Indian Reserves, especially on the South Saskatchewan, are fast becoming fully occupied, while every Indian family must have the full extent of land to which they are entitled, the surplus should be thrown open for entry, and the Sioux should be placed upon suitable reserves.

18. That owing to the failure of crops for the last two years, through various causes, we would suggest the Government should furnish the farmers with seed grain for next season on terms at least as favorable as were arranged for last season.

19. That as the prosperity of the whole District largely depends upon the farming interests, which at present is generally speaking in a depressed state, it would be desirable if you could find it convenient to hold local meetings at a few places throughout the District, as you would by so doing not only satisfy a very general desire, but probably by such means obtain more detailed and fuller information on the state of agricultural affairs than it would be possible to obtain at any large public meeting.

Resting assured that our remarks will receive your careful attention, and soliciting for them your most favorable consideration.

We beg to remain, Sir,  
Your most obedient servants,  
EDWIN.

The Hon. Mr. White then took his stand on the centre of the platform, and in a lengthy and able speech, reviewed each clause of the petition. The hon. gentleman said if he had a one time hesitated in regard to his coming to Prince Albert, he was now glad he had changed his mind, and was pleased to meet so many of the residents of this District. He had the privilege of seeing a large number of the people of the Territories, and the suggestions made at the different places were substantially the same, and thought they represented pretty fully the requirements of the North West Territories. He said that when he was sworn in as Minister of the Interior he thought the best thing he could do was to go into the Territories, get acquainted with the people and find out their wants. He believed the future of Canada depended upon the success of the North West Territories, and in order to accomplish that the people must be made happy and contented. He found in all the addresses he had received a strong claim for representation in the Dominion Parliament, and he entirely sympathized with that claim. He said the Government had already taken the necessary preliminary steps toward that measure, and at the present time enumerators were engaged throughout the country, having the census taken, and it might be said that this matter is already in progress of being granted and that in the next Parliament of Canada they would have representa-

tion. He said all the petitions asked for the establishment of the districts into provinces. This he considered a political question, upon which he did not think they would ask him to express his opinion. He believed from the very nature of things the provisional districts of the North West must sooner or later be erected into provinces. He then referred to the system of government existing in other provinces, and said he believed that we were over governed, and thought that the Provincial expenses were too great, and believed a simpler system of government may be established for the Territories, much less expensive. He said he believed the people of the North West should have control of their own local affairs. He then spoke of the giving over of the lands. He did not think the lands would be of so much value as the people would think, owing to their wanting a reduction on pre-emption. He considered this question in the North West, as in Manitoba, of great importance, and would lay the matter before his colleagues. He next touched upon the importance of railways to this country, and considered railway communication with Prince Albert of great importance. He said that he believed, as he always did, that Prince Albert would be the great city of the North West. He could not say how that railway communication could be best accomplished, but would, so far as he could, use his influence and do all he could to induce the Manitoba and North Western Railway to extend their line to Prince Albert, and thus he believed it would be to their interest to do. What may be the policy of the Government in regard to a railway from Regina to Prince Albert he could not, of course, say; but said earnest efforts will be made not only in the interests of Prince Albert but also in the interests of the Territories to induce this communication with the railway system. In regard to the Hudson Bay route, he believed that those North West Territories would not claim to a great extent to the eastern provinces, whether the Hudson Bay railway was carried out or not. He stated there was no doubt that what was wanted in the east was to build up the North West territories. He thought he might carry out the Government's last act, as it was a matter without serious consideration on their part. Whether the Hudson Bay route is practicable or not is a question of fact and commercial question. He explained the so-called survey in regard to the route, and said the Government have granted to the Hudson Bay Railway the territorial land grant given to any other railway. He thought from that time the Government had had ready other lines, and he said that the Government's intention would be used to establish the practicability of the Hudson Bay route, so as to encourage capitalists to put their money into it. In speaking of the old section he gave his full and candid opinion, and regretted that it had not been thrown open from the first, and sympathized with the view that the policy now would be to throw open the said section for homesteading. In regard to the Habeas Corpus Act, he said that until he had read this petition he had always supposed that it applied to the North West Territories, as it was the inalienable right of every British subject in all parts of Her Majesty's dominions. He assured them he would use his influence to have the Habeas Corpus Act extended so as to apply to the Territories. He also referred to some matters in the petition that did not belong to his department, but assured the people he would lay them before the proper authorities at Ottawa. In regard to the timber dues, he said the Government presented every settler to have a certain quantity of timber for domestic purposes, but whether that was sufficient or not was a matter for further consideration. He thought the timber in the country was scarce and should be protected. He said he was trying to get all the information in regard to the timber dues that he possibly could. In regard to postal communication, he said the Government were doing all they could to meet the wishes of the people. He knew that settlers coming to a new country had many difficulties to put up with. He would represent to the Postmaster General the desire of the people of Prince Albert to have mail communication more frequent. He said that he would almost absolutely promise that Prince Albert would be made a money order office. He hoped the difficulties the people have had to contend with would pass away in two or three years when we get a railway. He thought there might

be some difficulty in making this place a port of entry, but would make the proper representation to the Minister of Customs. He said the request in regard to the Indian reserves should be carefully considered, and if the Indian rights are in no way to be interfered with, then he thought the petition would be granted. In regard to the appointment of officials, he assured the people he was satisfied that in the future official positions for this country would be filled by competent local men. He referred to public buildings, which he said belonged to the Department of Justice. However, he thought it would be necessary to consider if another stipendiary magistrate be required, as if such should not one would be appointed. He would have pleasure in representing the matter of the pre-emption act. He then said he thought there could be but one feeling, owing to the very unfortunate state in the spring and the early frosts this year—that the request for the supply of seed grain should be complied with. He then made reference to the frosts in the counties of Huron and Bruce in Ontario that had occurred some years ago, and the prosperity of those counties now, and said that he was satisfied that we had a great country and hoped the people would keep up on it. He recognized the rights of the people to organize measures as they considered their rights. He said he was deeply gratified to see so very many and entirely repudiated the state constitution and went ahead in regard to the loyalty of the people. He said he never said, and has not now, any belief of the loyalty of the people of Prince Albert. He again thanked the people for the very kind reception given to him, and took his seat and left the assembly. Owing to want of space, a statement of the banquet will not appear till next issue.

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CHEAP FOR CASH.  
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**Nails, Tar Paper, Glass (all sizes), Putty, White Lead, Paint Oil, Machine Oil, Turpentine, Plastering Hair, steam refined, Powder, Shot, Caps, Shells, Etc., Etc.**  
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**GENERAL GROCERIES.**  
For a favorably sample we recommend the following:  
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**BETTS & Gwynne.**

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General Merchants and Indian Traders.  
Have just received a large and complete stock of  
**Dry Goods, Hats, Ready Made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, etc.**  
Our stock of Groceries now on hand is the most complete ever received, comprising  
**Morton's Celebrated Jams, Jellies, Pickles, Confectionery**  
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Which defy competition. Also one car load  
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Which we will sell cheap for cash.

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